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## Nigeria Envoy Calls Soviet Aid the Key to Defeat of Biafra

By Bernard Gwertzman  
MOSCOW, Jan. 20 (NYT).—Nigeria's ambassador to the Soviet Union today said that Soviet aid to his country was the most important factor in the defeat of the Biafran secessionists.

## Nixon Confers in Biafra Needs

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (NYT).—President Nixon today met with his top advisers for an hour to discuss the relief needs of Biafra.

## France, Israel Attacked by Lagos Press

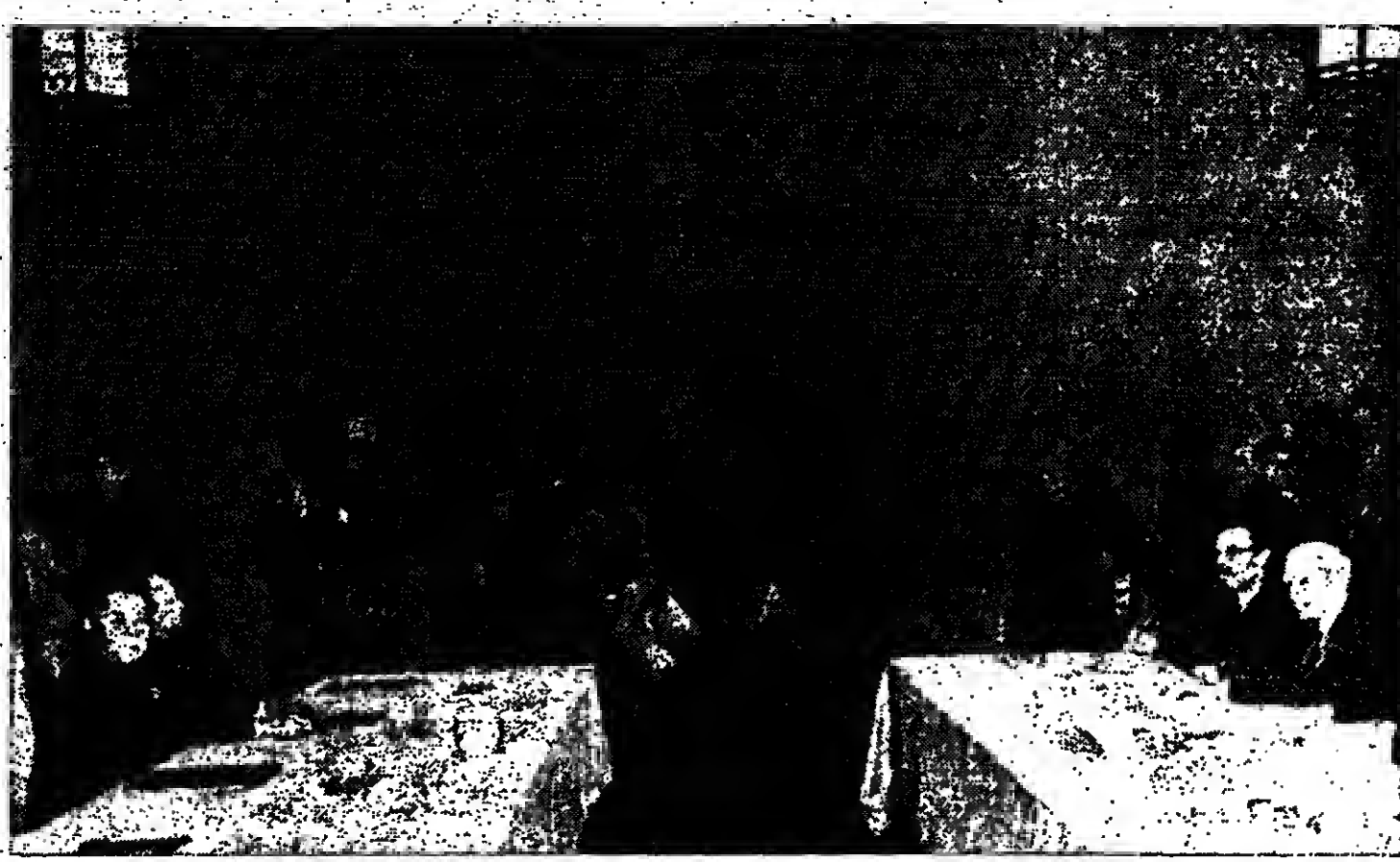
LAGOS, Jan. 20 (UPI).—The Lagos press today attacked the Biafran civil war, saying that the Biafrans were not fighting for freedom but for power.

## New Bacteria Strain Found; Linked to 'Traveler Diarrhea'

By Lawrence K. Altman  
NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT).—A team of researchers said today that they had discovered a new strain of bacteria that causes traveler's diarrhea.

## 1,000 University Students Go On Strike in Spain

MADRID, Jan. 20 (Reuters).—About 1,000 Madrid University students today went on strike, protesting against the government's handling of the Basque separatist movement.



WARSAW CONFERENCE—Chinese Chargé d'Affaires Lei Yang (left) facing U.S. Ambassador to Poland Walter Stoessel (far right) just before the opening session of the new series of Communist Chinese-U.S. talks in Warsaw.

## Bonfire of Pot Kicks Off Drug Drive in Mexico

CUILLACAN, Mexico, Jan. 20 (Reuters).—U.S. Assistant Attorney General Richard Kleindienst last night watched about 570 pounds of marijuana burned in a bonfire here, marking the start of a new campaign against drug farmers in Mexico.

## East-West Accord Needed U.S. Bars Unilateral Cut Of Troop Level in Europe

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Nixon administration is firmly opposed to any withdrawal of American troops from Europe unless it can be done in agreement with the Communist world on mutual East-West force reductions.

## Calley Lawyer Implies Nixon Ordered Trial

By Homer Bigart  
FORT BENNING, Ga., Jan. 20 (NYT).—A report that President Nixon, commander in chief of American forces, had personally urged a murder trial for 1st Lt. William L. Calley Jr. was submitted today by defense counsel as argument that the lieutenant could never receive a fair trial in a military court.

## Dutch Stand on Celibacy Raises Fears of Schism

By Robert C. Doty  
ROME, Jan. 20 (NYT).—Responsible Vatican circles are expressing serious fears of schism between the Roman Catholic Church of the Netherlands and the Holy See following what they view as repeated acts of disobedience by the Dutch hierarchy and clergy.

## Peking Attacks U.S. Trade Policy

HONG KONG, Jan. 20 (Reuters).—China today denounced U.S. economic policies for the second time in nine days, saying that if any agreement emerged from Sino-U.S. talks in Warsaw it is unlikely to be on trade.

## How U.S. Foreign Policy Is Made and Who Helps Make It

Murray Marder, Washington Post expert on U.S. foreign affairs and the State Department, has written a three-part series on American foreign policy under the Nixon administration. Here is the first in the series.

By Murray Marder

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI).—Among four of the central figures in the high drama of American-Soviet relations, it is sometimes "Bill and Anatoly" or "Henry and Anatoly."



William F. Rogers



Andrei Gromyko



Anatoly Dobrynin



Henry Kissinger

As the Nixon administration's personalities and ideas have evolved, it now is clear that it is facing squarely that unromantic limitation on foreign policy: money. A higher potential exists in the Nixon administration in this era, it is claimed, to employ all capabilities to achieve its goals.







## Nixon Plans to Veto It

## 9.7 Billion Money Bill Approved by Senate

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Senate today passed a \$9.7 billion appropriation bill for education and health, which the White House is expected to veto.

The bill, which was passed by a vote of 74 to 17, is the largest appropriation bill in the history of the Senate. It is expected to be vetoed by President Nixon, who has said that the bill is "a grossly underestimated" estimate of the needs of the country.

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## Vietnam Plan Irreversible, Says Agnew

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (WP).—President Nixon's plan to withdraw American troops from Vietnam is irreversible, Vice President Spiro T. Agnew said today.

Agnew made his comment at a White House news conference. He said that the President's plan to withdraw troops from Vietnam is irreversible, and that the United States will not be forced to withdraw its troops from Vietnam.

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Washington students interrupting the Moscow Philharmonic with ram's horns.

## Shofars Interrupt a Soviet Concert

By Carol Honsa

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (WP).—A concert by the Moscow Philharmonic Orchestra was interrupted briefly last night at Constitution Hall by the blast of five shofars and a shower of leaflets from the balcony.

The orchestra had just completed the U.S. anthem after playing the Russian anthem, and the audience was on its feet when the protest against Soviet treatment of Jews began.

The five youths with the ram horns said the protest was made in the name of the new Washington Committee for the Prevention of Genocide, an offshoot of a student organization whose members recently handcuffed themselves to the Soviet Embassy fence.

Two of the five youths left promptly; the other three were asked to leave by guards and Patrick Hayes, managing director of the Washington Performing Arts Society, sponsor of the concert.

The three were stopped outside the hall by Washington police on duty there because Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin was expected at the performance. He did not appear although his wife and her party were present.

Mr. Hayes declined to press charges against the three who had been stopped by police, and they were sent on with a warning. Before the concert, about 25 youths had handed out the leaflets to those entering the hall, including members of the Moscow orchestra. The leaflets were in the form of an orchestra program and were entitled "Moscow's Program for the Jews." They accused the Soviet Union of a "relentless policy of cultural genocide against the Jews."

## Oregon Fights Shipment of Nerve Gas

HERMISTON, Ore., Jan. 20.—A shipment of deadly nerve gas appears destined to arrive here soon despite vigorous opposition led by the state's governor.

Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird, in a letter to Gov. Tom McCall last week, declared that transporting the chemical munitions from Okinawa to the nearby Umatilla Army Depot was "in the interest of national security."

Gov. McCall, at a desk stacked with clippings, letters and petitions opposing storage in Oregon, said he would appeal to President Nixon. Bak, in view of Mr. Laird's letter it seemed unlikely the administration would reverse itself.

The issue has caused considerable controversy. Gov. McCall says he has received 23,300 expressions of opposition "even from hawks," he notes, and only 1,000 in favor. However, a citizens group here says it circulated petitions and found residents favored the shipment 1,065 to 54.

Farm Town of 5,300

Toxic chemical munitions—including GB and VX nerve gas—are not new to this farm community of 5,300 in northeastern Oregon. Quantities of the gas have been stored here since 1962.

The army depot, a sprawling, 20,000-acre facility west of the town, employs 733 civilians in addition to 13 military personnel.

Hundreds of Quonset-like igloos, steel-reinforced concrete structures covered with earth, line the sage-covered hills. They contain the gas, as well as conventional munitions and a few general military supplies.

Police confirmed a "shooting incident" at the Panther office.

## U.S., Germany Each to Build Its Own Futuristic Battle Tank

By William Beecher

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (NYT).—The United States and West Germany have decided to go their separate ways in developing a futuristic new tank. Deputy Defense Secretary David Packard announced today.

The main reason for ending a seven-year joint development effort, officials acknowledged, was the Pentagon's hope of saving about \$200,000 per tank on a new austere version that has been agreed upon within the Defense Department. Rather than try to negotiate all the changes with the Germans, sources say, the United States suggested the two nations end their partnership arrangement.

Even with the planned revisions in the American version of the tank it is estimated that when it starts rolling off the production line in large numbers in about 1975, it will cost between \$500,000 and \$600,000 apiece. The current Army tank, the M-60, costs about \$415,000.

In making his announcement, Mr. Packard said he hoped the two countries would continue to exchange information in an effort to include as many common components in the two versions as possible. He did not say so, but this might be of use in the event of a war in Europe in which spare parts from one nation's tank might be usable in that of the others.

Under Review

The so-called MBT-70, standing for Main Battle Tank-1970, was one of the first major weapons systems that came under intensive review in the Nixon administration.

Last spring, the project had already slipped about four years behind schedule because of technical problems and its cost was threatening to climb to about \$750,000 each, roughly twice the early estimates.

Under external pressure from Congress to reverse burgeoning costs of the project, and internal pressures to cut back on the defense budget, Mr. Packard last spring launched his review aimed at stripping away unnecessary features from the MBT-70 and considering reversion to a more simplified, unilateral management system.

Pentagon officials say the new version still includes most of the novel features that distinguish it from some other tanks. These include:

- A 152 mm gun tube that fires both the Shillelagh guided missile and a high velocity artillery shell.
- An automatic ammunition loader, enabling a reduction in crew size to three men instead of the four in the M-60.

## Black Panthers' Hq. In Jersey City Shot Up

JERSEY CITY, N.J., Jan. 20 (UPI).—Members of the Black Panther party here said ten shots were fired into their storefront headquarters early today. Seven persons were inside, but no one was hurt.

A Black Panther spokesman said the shooting occurred shortly after 1 a.m. and that their office had been fire-bombed less than two hours earlier.

Police confirmed a "shooting incident" at the Panther office.

## La. Governor Urges Citizens To Defy Busing of Students

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 20 (AP).—Gov. John McKeithen, drawing "a line in the dust," called last night for Louisianians "and hundreds of thousands of others" to join him in defying the busing of schoolchildren to achieve racial desegregation and "experiments that reduce our children to laboratory animals."

"If Louisianians will join me in this position, hundreds of thousands of aggrieved black and white citizens will join us and when our cause becomes known to fair-minded Americans everywhere, we will have returned this nation to its rightful course of freedom and justice for all," said Gov. McKeithen.

He said he would "not allow" the busing of schoolchildren long distances to achieve racial balance in Louisiana's public schools. He added, however, that he wouldn't violate the 1964 Civil Rights Act and also declared "segregation is dead. Integration is the law of the land."

Gov. McKeithen spoke here to the convention of the Louisiana School Boards Association. The talk was telecast live and carried on a statewide network.

Not Private Schools, Either

He told school board members that if he were in their position he wouldn't permit busing. He said he wouldn't let his own children be bused to distant schools but he wouldn't send them to private schools.

The governor said his own children would go to their former schools and called on other parents—both white and black—to adopt the same stand.

In response to a question at a news conference immediately following his talk, the governor said: "There's no question, it's defiance of the courts." He also said that with "10,000 children out there, how many marshals will they need?" Portions of the news conference went over the television hookup.

The Associated Press learned Gov. McKeithen was urged earlier in the day by Gov. John Bell Williams of Mississippi to take a hardline approach in his speech although the Louisiana governor's talk had been a matter of concern for days on the part of LSBA officials. Gov. McKeithen's office later confirmed he had talked to Gov. Williams but declined to discuss the subject, except to say: "I think they were in agreement."

## House Sets Probe On Air Traffic

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI).—With warnings of impending disaster, Rep. Jack Brooks, D., Tex., yesterday announced a full-scale investigation into the nation's air traffic control system.

Rep. Brooks said his Government Operations subcommittee would begin public hearings next Tuesday, focusing on the Federal Aviation Administration's ability to prevent mid-air collisions.

For more than a year FAA controllers have been drawing attention to the nation's crowded airways through such techniques as work slowdowns. Pilots have also complained publicly over what they contend are existing dangers. Rep. Brooks made it clear that he leans toward their outlook.

## Financier O. R. Seagraves Caps to Death From Hotel

HOUSTON, Jan. 20 (UPI).—Financier O. R. Seagraves, 64, checked into a hotel and asked for "the best room possible." Then he was told: "This is the only one."—and fell eight floors to death yesterday.

Seagraves once owned property worth hundreds of millions of dollars. But in 1968 he settled a \$500,000 tax judgment that wiped him out financially, according to a friend.

That did break him," said O. Payne, of Houston, who said Seagraves had gone from riches to rags, but was able to build his empire.

Mr. Seagraves was born in Corsicana, Texas, in 1886, quit school after the eighth grade and got a job as a railroad telegrapher. He was working in Galveston when he met William L. Moody Jr., the son of a Galveston financier. They formed the Moody-Seagraves Co., and bought the old Houston Gas and Fuel Co., forming United Gas Corp., which today is United Gas Corp.

Mr. Seagraves once was involved in a \$50 million transaction with John D. Rockefeller. He made a fortune in a Korean gold mine, discovered the Houston oil field and was the largest holder in the Texas oil field.

He also promoted Freeport Gulf Sulphur, Texas Gulf Sulphur and Pan American Sulphur, Mr. Payne said.

## Nixon Choice Opposed by Rights Leader

General 'Good Will' Found in Senate

By Fred Farris

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Opposition came today from civil rights spokesmen to President Nixon's selection of Judge George Harold Carswell to fill a vacancy on the Supreme Court.

Initial Senate reaction, however, is that the Florida judge, a member of the 5th U.S. Circuit Court, would be easily and quickly confirmed.

Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield said he believed there was a general "good will" in the Senate toward the 50-year-old jurist, who is known as a conservative in civil rights matters.

But Sen. Mansfield said the Senate "of course, will have to wait for the Judiciary Committee's recommendations."

Sen. Birch D. Bayh, D., Ind., who spearheaded Senate opposition to Mr. Nixon's choice last year of Judge Clement F. Haynsworth for the high court post, said he would examine Judge Carswell's record, but is not expected to challenge the nomination.

However, Joseph L. Rauh Jr., counsel for the Leadership Conference of Civil Rights and vice-chairman for civil rights of the Americans for Democratic Action, personally announced his opposition to the appointment.

"The President has again nominated an unknown to the Supreme Court whose principal qualification for the post seems to be his opposition to Negro rights," he said.

"While this may be good Nixon-Mitchell (Attorney General John N. Mitchell) politics in the suburbs and the South, it can only add to the already dangerous racial tensions in America."

The Leadership Conference of Civil Rights, comprised of 120 national organizations, had opposed Judge Carswell last June when the Senate weighed his nomination to his present post. It charged at that time that he was pro-segregation in decisions as a federal district court judge in the 11 years preceding.

However, where support is needed in the crucial Judiciary Committee—Judge Carswell appeared to have it, Chairman James O. Eastland, D., Miss., praised the judge and scheduled confirmation hearings for next Tuesday.

Sen. Richard B. Russell, D., Ga., said he could not imagine a "more appropriate" choice for an associate justice's robes.

## Carswell Has No Stocks, Sees No Finance Issue in the Senate

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 20 (NYT).—Appeals Court Judge G. Harold Carswell said yesterday that he had no financial interest that could cause the Senate any difficulty in deciding whether to confirm him as a Supreme Court justice.

Judge Carswell said that he owns no stocks or bonds and that he supports his family on his salary as a judge. His holdings, he said, consist of his four-bedroom house on a lake ten miles north of Tallahassee and some real estate that he inherited from his father, a Georgia political figure.

The judge said that his wife, Virginia, the daughter of one of Tallahassee's leading industrialists, owns a "few" shares of stock in the Alberta Cattle Co., a box factory that over the years has incurred the wrath of many Tallahassee residents because it blew a work-catch whistle before dawn.

"Approach the Law Fairly"

Judge Carswell held a short news conference after the White House announced that President Nixon was nominating him to the court. He evaded questions about his judicial philosophy. "That is in the realm of a broad question," he said. "I want to approach the law fairly."

Judge Carswell, who is 50 years old, has lived in Tallahassee for 21 years. The judge has in past years described himself as a social "moderate" although most of his friends consider him to be a conservative.

The Nixon administration has described him as a "strict constructionist" of the law.

Several Rankings Reversed

A cursory examination of racial suits decided by him since 1959 showed that several of his rulings in these cases were reversed upon appeal.

A 1962 suit to integrate the public schools in Tallahassee, originally heard by Judge Carswell, is still active. His first decision in this case, given in 1960, approved a plan by the Leon County School Board for the limited placement of some Negro pupils in previously all-white schools.

The Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals in New Orleans, the bench where Judge Carswell now sits, vacated this ruling and ordered the Tallahassee schools to speed up their integration process.

In 1966, Judge Carswell approved a plan by the Bay County (Panama City), Fla., public schools that would have allowed Negroes to enroll in any school so long as other pupils in the school lived further away. The Bay County plan was overruled by the Fifth Circuit also.

Judge Carswell, who is known by many in Tallahassee as "Har-

old," is a pleasant, unassuming man who looks much younger than his age. He is regarded as being something of a swinger.

Tallahassee has a closed society, as do many Southern towns, and Judge Carswell, being a non-native, might not be a part of it if he had not married into it.

His wife is the former president of the Tallahassee Junior League and the factory of her father, Jack Simmons, once was one of Tallahassee's major industries.

The judge graduated from Duke University in 1941, served in the Navy in World War II, and earned a law degree in 1948 at Mercer University Law School.

In 1949, after his marriage, he moved to Tallahassee and joined the law firm in which Leroy Collins, later elected governor of Florida, was a partner.

In 1951, Judge Carswell started his own law firm and in 1953 he was appointed U.S. Attorney for the Northern District of Florida by the late President Dwight D. Eisenhower. In 1958, Judge Carswell was named by Gen. Eisenhower to be a federal district judge and last June he was named by Mr. Nixon to the Fifth Circuit.

Judge Carswell is a very moderate drinker of Scotch at cocktail parties. He is a past president of the Cotillion Club, a group of well-to-do Tallahassee residents who hold four formal dances a year. One of the judge's dancing partners said that he dances "like all the other Georgians do—with a good deal of vigor but not an awful lot of style."

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# How U.S. Foreign Policy Is Made and Who Makes It

(Continued from Page 1)

...this money problem—... President Nixon's supporters... that he cannot be seriously outflanked on the right... to his earlier career... "No," said a high official, "is going to call Nixon a 'punch'... But this factor cuts both ways."

...the administration... are misgivings among... President Nixon's tendency at times... high domestic pressure... back to the narrow, conservative political base that... provided his launching pad for the presidency.

Appeal and Glibes

His appeal to "the silent majority" in his Nov. 3 speech in Vietnam, and Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew's glibes at the "Eastern liberal establishment" were the small, internal concern... whether the administration can be deflected from its... course of a less-engaged foreign policy.

Red Face

There should be a "bad" in U.S. attempts to... Vietnam, or an... challenge in the... East or elsewhere... American pride or honor, some... Republican... wonder if... administration would... to the right and... more combative course of... that "the old Nixon" represented.

Officials claim that no... differences divide policy... in the Nixon administration, that each of the... "pragmatists" differ... among themselves.

The four most important men... the President on... policy are Mr. Kissinger, Mr. Rogers, Defense Secretary... and one who is not very visible at the... Attorney General John N. Mitchell, who in his own way may be the most influential of all.

These are joined on all major... by Richard C. Helms, director of the Central Intelligence Agency, and Gen. Earle Wheeler, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

These six men are somewhat... to President "John's" inner circle; the "Tuesday lunch group," which usually... Mr. Helms and Gen. Wheeler. The six in effect... an executive committee... of the National Security Council.

One other official must be... as an influence on policy: Elliott L. Richardson, Under Secretary of State. He is... Kissinger's opposite number... planning of policy; and the two men... frequently confer. Mr. Richardson also directs the departmental bureaucracy—he is the "inside" man. Mr. Rogers, the "outside" man, like Mr. Rogers, is... Mr. Richardson, a former attorney... general of Massachusetts, came to Washington as an... in foreign affairs but has learned rapidly.

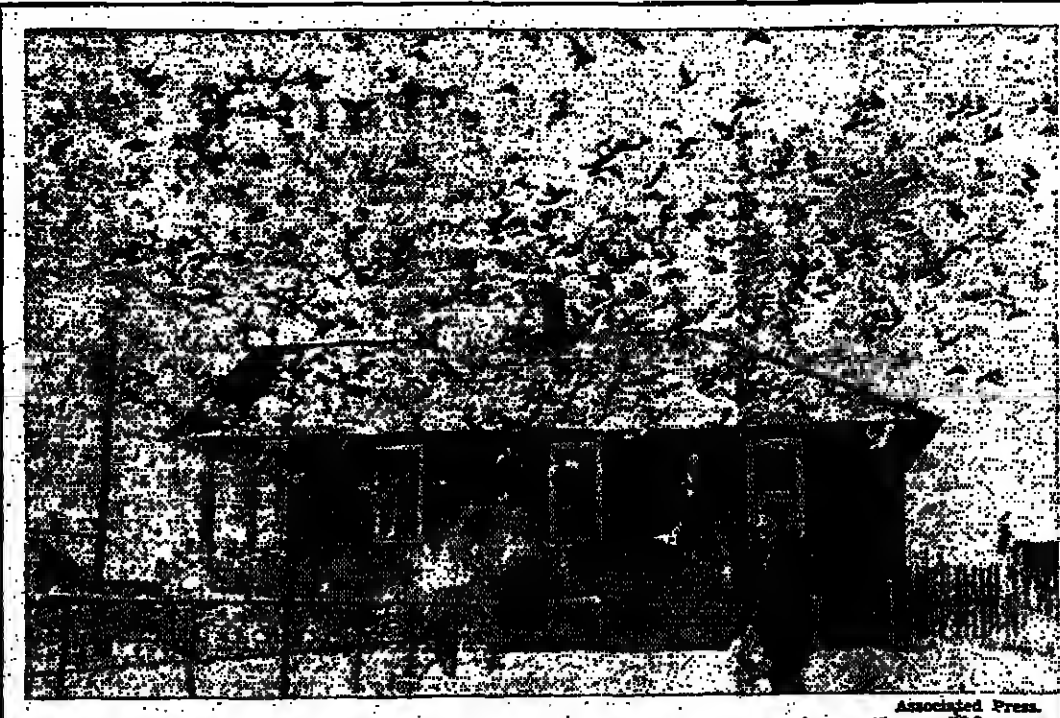
Kissinger's Image

The most publicized of the... policy advisers is Mr. Kissinger, alternatively pictured as hero and villain.

The 46-year-old Kissinger, a... foreign-policy consultant... Democrats and Republicans... he has been described by... and for a "dynamic" and a "one-man band" commands the... between the President and the foreign-policy bureaucracy.

When the bureaucratic establishment has submitted its... choices for action, it is Mr. Kissinger who often underlines... what he himself recommends... or writes the official recommendations... on the report, or tells the President orally if asked—as he usually is.

A conceptual thinker, he has... learned much (but still not enough, critics contend) about... to function in a bureaucracy. Many also challenge his... views on Vietnam and other... topics. He was once a "dove" because he secretly... helped to transmit an overture to Hanoi on a bombing halt for the Johnson administration. Now he talks despairingly of... academic "theologian" colleagues who make unreasonable



PIGEON FEED—Manuel Madros is a man with a warm heart, as these 500 or so pigeons would be glad to testify. But he is up against a cold and cruel world, which has ordered him to get rid of these stray birds or face legal action. Mr. Madros, who enjoys feeding all the birds he can find at his Fairhaven, Mass., home, says the reason for his present trouble is that the neighbors are jealous. One neighbor, however, who says that about 200 of those flying feedboxes perch on his roof while awaiting their daily repast, claims that there is another, very good reason.

## Negro's Odyssey Wins Daley Favor

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (UPI)—James E. Hobson, known as "Caveman" when he accumulated 43 jail sentences as leader of one of Chicago's largest black street gangs, was honored by Mayor Richard J. Daley and the City Council yesterday.

The council had not made an about-face—Mr. Hobson had, with the help of a judge who thought he could become a leader, he entered the Army and has returned from 14 months of combat in Vietnam with eight decorations. He now has a ninth—Chicago's Medal of Merit.

"If I had to do it over again, I hope I wouldn't do it again. But I was in the same predicament, I'd probably do it because I wouldn't know what was happening to me," Mr. Hobson said of his membership in the gang, the Conservative Vice Lords.

## Pravda Hints Foreigners Face Trial in Demonstration

MOSCOW, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The Pravda article described the demonstrators accurately. Two Italians showed leaflets in the crowded street and then hand out the leaflets to a crowd of people. It took 30 minutes to get them loose. A single Belgian did the same thing with different leaflets at the Opera Theater Sunday night.

Pravda said nothing about the contents of the leaflets except to call them "dirty" and "anti-Soviet." They asked Premier Alexei Kosygin and the composer Dmitri Shostakovich to intervene for the freedom of the press.

Mr. Collings was not at either of the two demonstrations last weekend. Five of the 11 correspondents who saw the first incident, at the TSMU department store on Saturday, were held by the police for nearly three hours and released without questioning.

## FDA Letter to U.S. Doctors Underlines Risk of the Pill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The Food and Drug Administration yesterday urged the nation's doctors to pay close attention to the risks involved in the use of birth-control pills.

Letters calling attention to the latest information on blood clots, adverse reactions associated with the use of the pills, and the FDA's labeling of the pills, have been sent to 381,000 doctors and hospital administrators.

Labeling of the pills has been revised, as recommended by the report of the FDA's Advisory Committee on Obstetrics and Gynecology.

"As the prescribing physician you are in the best position to determine the extent of your discussion of this material with your patient," Dr. Edwards' letter said.

"In most cases a full disclosure of the potential adverse effects of these products would seem advisable, thus permitting the participation of the patient in the assessment of the risks associated with the method."

## Scientist Sees Bias Behind Pill Hearings

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 20 (AP)—A scientist who has helped develop the oral contraceptive says the current congressional hearings into its possible dangers are "politically motivated" and the public is being misled.

Dr. Robert B. Greenblatt, 64, chairman of the endocrinology department of the Medical College of Georgia, claimed that in 1960—before contraceptive pills existed—66 out of every 100,000 women developed cancer of the breast. In 1965, the figure was 66.5 in 100,000.

If the hormones used in the pill caused cancer of the breast, the figure should have "doubled or tripled," he declared. "If women on the pill get cancer, it is just coincidental."

## Italy's Center, Left Parties Again Hold Coalition Talks

ROME, Jan. 20 (AP)—Leaders of Italy's four center-left parties convened a closed-door summit meeting tonight as word spread that a new coalition government could be patched together in a matter of weeks.

The meeting came amid an upsurge in labor and other protests, and gas workers were on strike and a clamor for more pay reached Pope Paul VI from his own clerical at the Vatican.

The national secretaries of the Christian Democrats, Socialists (PSI), United Socialist (PSU), and Republican parties met at the Christian Democrat headquarters in downtown Rome.

It was the third such meeting since Dec. 12, when terrorist bombings killed 15 persons and stirred party leaders into making another try at sorting out Italy's chronic political disarray.

## London Urges Dam to Hold Thames Tide Studies to Begin On Barrier Form

LONDON, Jan. 20 (UPI)—The government was urged today by the Greater London Council to protect London from possible river flooding by financing a \$120 million tide-control barrier across the Thames.

Although political controversy developed over the imminence of flood danger, with Conservatives more alarmed than Labor politicians, Anthony Greenwood, the Labor government's minister of housing and local government, said "London must be defended," and promised early action.

The nature of the movable barrier is to be determined after further studies of forms of rising and retractable gates.

One suggestion entails a 200-foot-high drop-gate barrier, with each of three sections raised and lowered by hand or by a crane. When a section is lowered, a steel flap extends beneath the water surface to lock onto an underwater sill projecting from the river bed. The barrier would be fitted with a lock for ships.

## Target Is Marseilles Drug War Publicity Nettles U.S., French Narcotic Agents

MARSEILLES (UPI)—Called by radio to an interview, Chief Commissioner Maurice (The Beard) Hug left his men staked out near a suspect bar and returned to his office a little out of sorts.

Like other French and American narcotics agents, the commissioner was irritated on several counts by publicity generated in Washington recently when the White House announced a diplomatic breakthrough in the war on drugs. High officials were quoted as having said that France had agreed for the first time to cooperate with the United States in breaking up the heroin processing industry based in the Marseilles area.

Agents of the U.S. Bureau of Narcotics in Paris and Marseilles agreed that cooperation by the French police has been "100 percent" as one of them put it, ever since the bureau opened offices in France more than 15 years ago.

Commissioner Hug, whose men have tracked down four heroin laboratories in the last seven months, two of them in the last ten months, and made a score of major drug seizures, was also doubtful about the sharp increase in manpower he is to receive under the French-American agreement.

"In a kitchen the size of this office," he said, "there'd be room for four cooks, fifteen could only get in one another's way."

Commissioner Guy Denis, chief of criminal police in southeast France, agreed: "We can add more men," he said, "but we can't multiply information."

Narcotics agents acknowledge that most of their arrests stem from tips by which Commissioner Denis snailily called "honorable correspondents" or stool pigeons. Newspaper accounts of alert customs guards who discover heroin concealed in the fenders and doors of automobiles are dismissed as

## The Aku Uka Of Wukari Dies Of Natural Causes

LAGOS, Jan. 20 (AP)—The Aku Uka of Wukari, who hired bodyguards to prevent tribal elders from cutting off his head as tradition demanded, has died. The Daily Times reported today.

The paper said the Aku Uka, 56-year-old Malam Adi Bwade, died Sunday after falling ill in December. He had been under hospital treatment, which also runs against tribal customs.

His tribe, the Junkuns, demand that their chief be killed after his seven-year reign. The Aku Uka defied the custom and caused a nationwide controversy.

An opinion poll in the Lagos Times showed a majority favored allowing him to live, although a number of readers felt that custom must be observed.

## Fugitive Orphan Evades Police, 3 Brothers Held

BIRMINGHAM, England, Jan. 20 (AP)—Helped by a children's underground, orphan Terry Seenev disappeared in Birmingham's industrial slums today after escaping a police raid that captured his three runaway brothers.

Fourteen policemen with dogs who caught up with the boys at the home of a family friend returned twins Roy and Billy, 15, and Freddy, 12, to a reform school from which they ran away Sunday to join Terry.

Terry, 13, scrambled over rooftops into a maze of derelict buildings in an area where he had been hiding out since running away from a reform school a month ago. Friends have fed him and their mothers have occasionally given him a place to sleep.

Terry emerged this week for interviews that resulted in headlines in British newspapers. He told reporters he would not give himself up until the 13 children in his family, orphaned when their widowed mother died in October, were reunited.

## LA CALAVADOS

JOE TURNER — LOS LITONOS LUNCHONS — SNACK BAR — DINNER BY CANDLELIGHT — 6:30 P.M. — 10:00 P.M. — (Closed) 10:00 P.M. — 11:00 P.M. — (Closed) 11:00 P.M. — 12:00 P.M. — (Closed) 12:00 P.M. — 1:00 P.M. — (Closed) 1:00 P.M. — 2:00 P.M. — (Closed) 2:00 P.M. — 3:00 P.M. — (Closed) 3:00 P.M. — 4:00 P.M. — (Closed) 4:00 P.M. — 5:00 P.M. — (Closed) 5:00 P.M. — 6:00 P.M. — (Closed) 6:00 P.M. — 7:00 P.M. — (Closed) 7:00 P.M. — 8:00 P.M. — (Closed) 8:00 P.M. — 9:00 P.M. — (Closed) 9:00 P.M. — 10:00 P.M. — (Closed) 10:00 P.M. — 11:00 P.M. — (Closed) 11:00 P.M. — 12:00 P.M. — (Closed) 12:00 P.M. — 1:00 P.M. — (Closed) 1:00 P.M. — 2:00 P.M. — (Closed) 2:00 P.M. — 3:00 P.M. — (Closed) 3:00 P.M. — 4:00 P.M. — (Closed) 4:00 P.M. — 5:00 P.M. — (Closed) 5:00 P.M. — 6:00 P.M. — (Closed) 6:00 P.M. — 7:00 P.M. — (Closed) 7:00 P.M. — 8:00 P.M. — (Closed) 8:00 P.M. — 9:00 P.M. — (Closed) 9:00 P.M. — 10:00 P.M. — (Closed) 10:00 P.M. — 11:00 P.M. — (Closed) 11:00 P.M. — 12:00 P.M. — (Closed) 12:00 P.M. — 1:00 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High	Low	Div.	In	\$	100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge			
32 1/4	23	Gamco	off	1.25	6	25%	25%	25%	25%	+ 7 1/2			

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Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
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4001	100	98	99	99	+1
4002	100	98	99	99	+1
4003	100	98	99	99	+1
4004	100	98	99	99	+1
4005	100	98	99	99	+1
4006	100	98	99	99	+1
4007	100	98	99	99	+1
4008	100	98	99	99	+1
4009	100	98	99	99	+1
4010	100	98	99	99	+1
4011	100	98	99	99	+1
4012	100	98	99	99	+1
4013	100	98	99	99	+1
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4098	100	98	99	99	+1
4099	100	98	99	99	+1
4100	100	98	99	99	+1

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Amco 100-08-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-09-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-10-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-11-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-12-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-13-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-14-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-15-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-16-01	100	98	99	99	+1
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Amco 100-18-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-19-01	100	98	99	99	+1
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Amco 100-21-01	100	98	99	99	+1
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Amco 100-42-01	100	98	99	99	+1
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Amco 100-56-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-57-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-58-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-59-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-60-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-61-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-62-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-63-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-64-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-65-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-66-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-67-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-68-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-69-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-70-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-71-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-72-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-73-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-74-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-75-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-76-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-77-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-78-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-79-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-80-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-81-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-82-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-83-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-84-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-85-01	100	98	99	99	+1
Amco 100-86-01	100	98</			















By Judge Until Feb. 3

# Flood's Suit Against Baseball Postponed

YORK, Jan. 20 (AP)—The suit filed by Curt Flood against the reserve clause of the major league baseball players' union has been postponed until Feb. 3 by Judge Dudley H. Benson.

The suit, filed in the U.S. District Court in Philadelphia, challenges the reserve clause which binds a player to the club which owns him for the rest of his career.

Flood, who has retained former U.S. Supreme Court Justice Arthur J. Goldberg to represent him, contends that the reserve clause is an unconstitutional restraint of trade.

The suit was filed after Flood was traded from the St. Louis Cardinals to the Philadelphia Phillies.

Flood's lawyer, Arthur J. Goldberg, said the suit would be heard in a federal court in Philadelphia.

The suit is the first of its kind to be filed in a federal court.

Flood's lawyer said the suit would be heard in a federal court in Philadelphia.

## Bob Scheffing Appointed New Met GM

By Joseph Durso

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (NYT)—Bob Scheffing, one-time catcher and manager in the major leagues, has been appointed general manager of the New York Mets.

Scheffing, 56, has been with the Mets for four years, two as director of player development and two as general manager.

He was appointed to the job after having presided over the Mets' dramatic climb from the bottom of the league to the top of the National League East.

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## Lou Boudreau Is Elected to Hall of Fame

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP)—Lou Boudreau, former shortstop and playing manager of the Cleveland Indians, was elected to baseball's Hall of Fame today.

Boudreau, 53, finished third last year in the balloting when Stan Musial and Roy Campanella were elected. He received 232 of the 300 votes cast this time by the Baseball Writers' Association of America, seven more than required for election.

Ralph Kiner, the slugging Pittsburgh outfielder who tied or led the National League in homers for seven consecutive seasons, finished second with 167 votes.

Bill Holges, currently manager of the New York Mets, was third in the voting with 145 votes. Early Wynn, the most recent major league pitcher to win 300 games, fourth with 140 votes, and Snodgrass, fourth with 137 votes.

"I'm elated," said Boudreau, who was present in the office of baseball commissioner Bowie Kuhn when the announcement of his election was made. "Nobody reached the Hall of Fame without help from a lot of people."

In order to be elected, a player must be retired from baseball for five years and must receive 75 percent of the ballots cast.

Boudreau, who played for the St. Louis Cardinals, New York Yankees, and Detroit Tigers, was a three-time All-Star.

He was also a three-time National League MVP and a two-time World Series champion.

Boudreau was elected to the Hall of Fame as a player-manager.

## U.S. Grand Jury Begins Probe of Gambling Ring

DETROIT, Jan. 20 (AP)—A federal grand jury began a probe today of an alleged betting operation that government officials have said involves "well-known figures in the sports and horse racing world."

Indications were that no top sports figures would appear for at least the first few days of the investigation, which may last three weeks.

The gambling probe was touched off by a report that a Detroit sports figure had been arrested for betting on horse races.

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## PGA Tour to Use Point System

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP)—A point-scoring system will replace the current money earnings in determining winners of the 1970 PGA Tour.

The new system, which will be used for the first time at the 1970 PGA Tour, will award points to players based on their performance in tournaments.

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## The Scoreboard

ABA Result  
Indiana 108 (Dumler 21, Noddy 21), Kentucky 104 (Dumler 21, Noddy 21).

Cloud Over Miami

# Frazier-Ellis Shadowed By Clay-Marciano Bout

By Shirley Povich

MIAMI, Jan. 20 (WPT)—The prizefight business is alive and well in Miami Beach. Chris Dundee promotes a boxing show every week at a tiny profit. Joe Frazier and Jimmy Ellis are in training here for their Madison Square Garden heavyweight title fight Feb. 15. Cassius Clay can't stay away. He keeps dropping into Miami Beach's many Fifth Street gyms to preen before the crowd and soak up a few memories of his own professional beginnings.

Clay said the other day that he wouldn't fight again. Maybe he won't, but his announcement was at least well-timed. He will do little to harm the promotion of his publicized battle with the late Rocky Marciano to be shown on film and to be premiered in hundreds of theaters across the nation tonight. Last chance to see the great Cassius Clay with gloves on.

Who will win that one, Clay vs. Marciano? They fought it second time in 1954. It was a close fight, but a computer will deliver the final verdict. He is knockout on decision. Thus far the result has been kept top secret, but this week in Miami, Chris Dundee said, "I know it will go at least 11 rounds. I saw a film clip of round 11."

That it will be a knockout is doubtful. Neither Clay nor Marciano was ever stopped; Clay has never been knocked down, Marciano only twice. What is certain is that the result will not be a draw. Neither the computer nor the promoters have that much doubt.

The later 1960s were good years for Frazier. In 1964 he won the Olympic heavyweight title for the United States, got a few cheers on his return to Philadelphia, but no job offers. When it was written that Frazier was jobless and his family faced a bleak Christmas, a slaughterhouse owner found employment for him.

He's doing better now. "Now they pay me \$1,000 a week to live on," said Frazier. "They are the directors of the Cloverly Corp. who underwrote my professional boxing career and have been giving me handsome returns, with Frazier having earned near \$800,000 since turning professional."

When he isn't in the gym or doing roadwork, Frazier can be found in his sumptuous tower apartment in the Sheraton Towers, a hotel of the Miami hotel, looking out at the ocean, listening to his favorite rock music. He's the lead singer of his own touring rock group, The Knockouts.

Frazier said: "I hear about Jimmy Ellis being a Baptist and singing all that gospel music in the choir. I'm a Baptist, too, but I like rock." Frazier trains to it, snappy, hip jazz rock that is always on the turntable in the gym. His big shoulders appear to sway to the rock beat as he stalks a sparring partner.

Against Ellis, he said: "I'm gonna come out smokin'." That's the only way Frazier knows to move in punching. "Ellis say he gonna take the lead away from me, that's looking for suicide." He said he didn't dislike Ellis. "I sing rock, he sings gospel. It's beautiful. You're serving the Lord when you sing gospel. Ellis is a nice guy, but that's all over now."



TWO CHAMPION BOXERS—Gaby, a dog show winner, visits Joe Frazier in his Miami gym where he is training for title bout with Jimmy Ellis Feb. 16.

# Sedgman, 42, Bows In 5 Sets

To Bowrey in Australian Open

SYDNEY, Jan. 20 (Reuters)—Frank Sedgman, Australian tennis ace of two decades ago, failed in a comeback attempt here today when he was beaten in a marathon match in the Australian Open championships.

The 42-year-old former Wimbledon champion lost, 2-6, 6-1, 3-6, 6-4, 5-7, to 26-year-old Australian Davis Cupper Bill Bowrey after letting two match points slip away in the fifth set. The first-round match lasted two hours 22 minutes.

Sedgman, who won the Wimbledon title in 1952, earned his way into the first round yesterday by defeating Peter Proctor of France in a qualifying match.

"He's unbelievable—what a player for his age!" the weary Bowrey said.

John Newcombe of Australia and Tom Okker of Holland, second and third, respectively, won their first-round matches in straight sets against American opponents. Newcombe defeated Ed Neely, 6-1, 7-5, 6-1, and Okker beat Ken Stuart, 6-4, 6-2, 7-5.

American professional Dennis Ralston dropped a set to Vladimir Zednik of Czechoslovakia but came back strongly to win, 6-3, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3. Three U.S. Davis Cup stars advanced. Arthur Ashe beat Geoff Masters, Australia, 17-15, 6-2, 6-3; Sam Smith beat Jim Brown, Australia, 6-1, 6-6, 6-4; and Bob Lutz beat M. Werren, Switzerland, 6-1, 6-3, 6-1.

Australian Rod Laver, who upset Jim McManus of the United States in the qualifying round yesterday, lost to compatriot Allan Stone today, 5-7, 3-6, 6-3, 1-6.

Top-seeded Tony Roche, the world's second-ranked player, withdrew today from the men's doubles because of a knee injury which has been troubling him. But the Australian star said he was confident of playing his singles matches.

Australian Rod Laver, grand slam winner of the world's four major championships last year, is not defending his title here. Laver is a member of the professional tennis group run by George MacCall, and the South Wales Lawn Tennis Association, which organizes the Australian championships, said in October it had been unable to agree to terms with the group.

## USLTA Calls Meeting on South Africa

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 20 (UPI)—The U.S. Lawn Tennis Association has called a special meeting of the Davis Cup nations to consider the status of South Africa and Rhodesia in the draw for the 1970 Davis Cup competition.

Robert B. Colwell, first vice president of the USLTA, said last night the meeting, which was called at the request of the International Lawn Tennis Federation, is tentatively scheduled for March 20 in London.

"We had delayed calling such a meeting," Colwell said, "in the hope that South Africa would act sooner on Arthur Ashe's application for a visa to play in the South African Open championships."

Colwell said the USLTA has his visa, the IITF then could expel South Africa from the federation, and South Africa would then be ineligible for cup play. As of now, there is no rule in the Davis Cup constitution which permits any entry from an IITF nation to be refused.

The draw for 1970 competition was held yesterday in London, and South Africa, seeded second, drew a bye in the European Zone first round. Dozen European nations have indicated they will refuse to play South Africa because of its apartheid policies.

Colwell said the purpose of the meeting will be to find a way to refuse entry to a country whose presence in the competition would make a farce of the Cup.

## College Cage Ratings

By The Associated Press  
(First-place votes, records through Sunday in parentheses.)

Team	Record	Points
1. UCLA (25) (12-0)	12-0	100
2. Kentucky (14) (10-0)	10-0	80
3. South Carolina (12-1)	12-1	60
4. St. Bonaventure (10-0)	10-0	40
5. New Mexico St. (11-1)	11-1	30
6. Jacksonville (13-0)	13-0	20
7. Houston (12-1)	12-1	10
8. Marquette (12-1)	12-1	10
9. North Carolina (12-1)	12-1	10
10. North Carolina St. (12-1)	12-1	10
11. Davidson (11-1)	11-1	10
12. Illinois (12-1)	12-1	10
13. Ohio St. (11-1)	11-1	10
14. Penn (12-1)	12-1	10
15. Southern California (11-1)	11-1	10

## Buffalo Hires Imlach

BUFFALO, N.Y., Jan. 20 (UPI)—George (Punch) Imlach, who directed the Toronto Maple Leafs to four Stanley Cup titles in 11 seasons, has become coach and general manager of the new Buffalo franchise in the National Hockey League.

## Monday's College Basketball

EAST  
Army 44, Fairleigh Dickinson 23.  
St. Francis (Pa.) 83, St. Vincent's 73.  
St. Joseph's (Pa.) 77, St. Francis (Ind.) 77.  
Northwestern 77, Boston U. 71.  
Springfield 77, Conn. 70.  
Delaware 83, Lincoln (Pa.) 83.

SOUTH  
Georgia 71, Auburn 71.  
Clemson 83, Ga. Tech 70.  
West. Tenn. 77, Murray 75.  
Ohio St. 74, West Va. 70.  
East Tenn. 77, Morehead 83.  
Maryland 83, Norfolk 83.  
Tenn. Tech 77, East Ky. 83.  
Northwestern 77, Henderson 83.  
LaSalle 83, Loyola (N.O.) 77.  
Southern Miss. 77, West Pa. 83.  
Econ. Camp 77, Pacific 83.  
Jackson State 104, Dillard 77.

SOUTHWEST  
G.P. Austin 66, Southwest Tex. 71.  
McMurry 66, Tarleton 72.

PACIFIC  
Air Force 67, West. St. (Calif.) 64.  
Urb. State 53, Portland 63.  
Seattle 87, Loyola (La.) 83.  
Weber 87, Pacific 84.  
Weber 87, Montana 80.

# NBA Rejects Plea by ABA for Merger Talks

By Leonard Koppett

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20 (NYT)—The NBA owners have rejected a plea by the American Basketball Association for merger talks, saying the ABA's offer is "not a serious proposal."

The NBA owners, who are meeting in Philadelphia today, have been asked to consider a proposal by the ABA to merge the two leagues.

The ABA's proposal, which was made by ABA president Walter Kennedy, was rejected by the NBA owners.

The NBA owners said the ABA's proposal was "not a serious proposal."

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The NBA owners said the ABA's proposal was "not a serious proposal."

## Man Who Isn't There Is Talk Of the Other NBA All-Stars

By Thomas Rogers

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20 (NYT)—The eve of the National Basketball Association's 20th annual All-Star game, the conversation among the arriving players, their coaches and front office officials is predominantly about a man who will not play.

That man is Jerry West of the Los Angeles Lakers, who has been named to start at center for the West team in the game on Sunday.

West, who is recovering from a knee injury, is expected to miss the game.

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## Ramos Fined \$250 On Marijuana Charge

LONG BEACH, Calif., Jan. 20 (UPI)—World lightweight boxing champion Mando Ramos yesterday paid a \$250 fine for his conviction on a misdemeanor charge of being in possession of marijuana.

Ramos, 27, whose license to fight was suspended by the State Athletic Commission, originally was charged with possession of marijuana, a felony. He was convicted Friday on the lesser charge.

Attorney Albert C. Ramsey said the fighter, who is scheduled to defend his title in March against Ismael Laguna, is hopeful of getting his license back by applying for it 1970 renewal.

# Underdog West Loses 2 Blues on Eve of NHL All-Star Game

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20 (UPI)—Two members of the St. Louis Blues, Phil Goyette and Glenn Hall, will be missing from the underdog West Division squad because of injuries in the 24th National Hockey League All-Star Game here tonight.

Goyette suffered strained ligaments in his left knee last Thursday night in a game against Toronto and will be replaced by the Philadelphia Flyers' center, Bobby Clarke.

Hall, a goalie, suffered a groin injury in practice Friday. Hall had been added to the 18-man squad by the West Division coach, Scott Bowman of St. Louis.

Bowman said he would play his two previously chosen goalies, Jacques Plante of the Blues and Bernie Parent of the Flyers.

The loss of Goyette deprives the West of one of its best puck-handlers and top scorers. It also breaks up the league's highest-scoring line of Goyette, Ab McDonald and Frank St. Mireille, who probably would have played together.

The starting line-up for the East Division, as chosen by the writers, has Ed Giacomin of New York in goal, Bobby Orr of Boston and Jim Nelson of New York on defense, Phil Esposito of Boston at center, John Bucyk of Boston at left wing and Gordie Howe of Detroit at right wing. It is Howe's 21st appearance, a record.

The West players picked first were Plante, Al Arbour and Barclay Plager, both of St. Louis, on defense; Goyette at center, McDonald at left wing and Bill Goldsworthy of Minnesota at right wing.

It is the second year that the East meets the West, after 21 years in which the Stanley Cup champions opposed an all-NHL team. Last year's game ended in a 3-3 tie on a late goal by Claude Larose of Minnesota.

EVERY

WEDNESDAY

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